

Package ‘RMSS’

August 19, 2025

Type Package

Title Robust Multi-Model Subset Selection

Version 1.2.1

Date 2025-08-18

Maintainer Anthony Christidis <anthony.christidis@stat.ubc.ca>

Description

Efficient algorithms for generating ensembles of robust, sparse and diverse models via robust multi-model subset selection (RMSS). The robust ensembles are generated by minimizing the sum of the least trimmed square loss of the models in the ensembles under constraints for the size of the models and the sharing of the predictors. Tuning parameters for the robustness, sparsity and diversity of the robust ensemble are selected by cross-validation.

License GPL (>= 2)

Encoding UTF-8

Biarch true

Imports Rcpp (>= 1.0.9), srlars, robStepSplitReg, cellWise, robustbase

Suggests testthat, mvnfast

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

NeedsCompilation yes

Author Anthony Christidis [aut, cre],
Gabriela Cohen-Freue [aut]

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2025-08-19 20:50:11 UTC

Contents

coef.cv.RMSS	2
coef.RMSS	4
cv.RMSS	7

predict.cv.RMSS 10

predict.RMSS 12

RMSS 15

trimmed_samples 17

Index 21

coef.cv.RMSS	<i>Coefficients for cv.RMSS Object</i>
--------------	--

Description

coef.cv.RMSS returns the coefficients for a cv.RMSS object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cv.RMSS'
coef(
  object,
  h_ind = NULL,
  t_ind = NULL,
  u_ind = NULL,
  individual_models = FALSE,
  group_index = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

- object An object of class cv.RMSS.
- h_ind Index for robustness parameter.
- t_ind Index for sparsity parameter.
- u_ind Index for diversity parameter.
- individual_models Argument to determine whether the coefficients of each model are returned. Default is FALSE.
- group_index Groups included in the ensemble. Default setting includes all the groups.
- ... Additional arguments for compatibility.

Value

The coefficients for the cv.RMSS object.

Author(s)

Anthony-Alexander Christidis, <anthony.christidis@stat.ubc.ca>

See Also[cv.RMSS](#)**Examples**

```

# Simulation parameters
n <- 50
p <- 100
rho <- 0.8
rho.inactive <- 0.2
group.size <- 5
p.active <- 15
snr <- 2
contamination.prop <- 0.3

# Setting the seed
set.seed(0)

# Block Correlation
sigma.mat <- matrix(0, p, p)
sigma.mat[1:p.active, 1:p.active] <- rho.inactive
for(group in 0:(p.active/group.size - 1))
  sigma.mat[(group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size),
            (group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size)] <- rho
diag(sigma.mat) <- 1

# Simulation of beta vector
true.beta <- c(runif(p.active, 0, 5)*(-1)^rbinom(p.active, 1, 0.7),
              rep(0, p - p.active))

# Setting the SD of the variance
sigma <- as.numeric(sqrt(t(true.beta) %*% sigma.mat %*% true.beta)/sqrt(snr))

# Simulation of test data
m <- 2e3
x_test <- mvnfast::rmvn(m, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y_test <- x_test %*% true.beta + rnorm(m, 0, sigma)

# Simulation of uncontaminated data
x <- mvnfast::rmvn(n, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y <- x %*% true.beta + rnorm(n, 0, sigma)

# Contamination of data
contamination_indices <- 1:floor(n*contamination.prop)
k_lev <- 2
k_slo <- 100
x_train <- x
y_train <- y
beta_cont <- true.beta
beta_cont[true.beta!=0] <- beta_cont[true.beta!=0]*(1 + k_slo)
beta_cont[true.beta==0] <- k_slo*max(abs(true.beta))
for(cont_id in contamination_indices){

```

```

a <- runif(p, min = -1, max = 1)
a <- a - as.numeric((1/p)*t(a) %*% rep(1, p))
x_train[cont_id,] <- mvnfast::rmvn(1, rep(0, p), 0.1^2*diag(p)) + k_lev * a /
  as.numeric(sqrt(t(a) %*% solve(sigma.mat) %*% a))
y_train[cont_id] <- t(x_train[cont_id,]) %*% beta_cont
}

# CV RMSS
rmss_fit <- cv.RMSS(x = x_train, y = y_train,
  n_models = 3,
  h_grid = c(35), t_grid = c(6, 8, 10), u_grid = c(1:3),
  initial_estimator = "robStepSplitReg",
  tolerance = 1e-1,
  max_iter = 1e3,
  neighborhood_search = FALSE,
  neighborhood_search_tolerance = 1e-1,
  n_folds = 5,
  alpha = 1/4,
  gamma = 1,
  n_threads = 1)
rmss_coefs <- coef(rmss_fit,
  h_ind = rmss_fit$h_opt,
  t_ind = rmss_fit$t_opt,
  u_ind = rmss_fit$u_opt,
  group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models)
sens_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/p.active
spec_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/sum(rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)
rmss_preds <- predict(rmss_fit, newx = x_test,
  h_ind = rmss_fit$h_opt,
  t_ind = rmss_fit$t_opt,
  u_ind = rmss_fit$u_opt,
  group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models,
  dynamic = FALSE)
rmss_mspe <- mean((y_test - rmss_preds)^2)/sigma^2

```

coef.RMSS

*Coefficients for RMSS Object***Description**

coef.RMSS returns the coefficients for a RMSS object.

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'RMSS'
coef(
  object,
  h_ind,

```

```

    t_ind,
    u_ind,
    individual_models = FALSE,
    group_index = NULL,
    ...
)

```

Arguments

object	An object of class RMSS.
h_ind	Index for robustness parameter.
t_ind	Index for sparsity parameter.
u_ind	Index for diversity parameter.
individual_models	Argument to determine whether the coefficients of each model are returned. Default is FALSE.
group_index	Groups included in the ensemble. Default setting includes all the groups.
...	Additional arguments for compatibility.

Value

The coefficients for the RMSS object.

Author(s)

Anthony-Alexander Christidis, <anthony.christidis@stat.ubc.ca>

See Also

[RMSS](#)

Examples

```

# Simulation parameters
n <- 50
p <- 100
rho <- 0.8
rho.inactive <- 0.2
group.size <- 5
p.active <- 15
snr <- 2
contamination.prop <- 0.3

# Setting the seed
set.seed(0)

# Block Correlation
sigma.mat <- matrix(0, p, p)
sigma.mat[1:p.active, 1:p.active] <- rho.inactive

```

```

for(group in 0:(p.active/group.size - 1))
  sigma.mat[(group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size),
            (group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size)] <- rho
diag(sigma.mat) <- 1

# Simulation of beta vector
true.beta <- c(runif(p.active, 0, 5)*(-1)^rbinom(p.active, 1, 0.7),
              rep(0, p - p.active))

# Setting the SD of the variance
sigma <- as.numeric(sqrt(t(true.beta) %*% sigma.mat %*% true.beta)/sqrt(snr))

# Simulation of test data
m <- 2e3
x_test <- mvnfast::rmvn(m, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y_test <- x_test %*% true.beta + rnorm(m, 0, sigma)

# Simulation of uncontaminated data
x <- mvnfast::rmvn(n, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y <- x %*% true.beta + rnorm(n, 0, sigma)

# Contamination of data
contamination_indices <- 1:floor(n*contamination.prop)
k_lev <- 2
k_slo <- 100
x_train <- x
y_train <- y
beta_cont <- true.beta
beta_cont[true.beta!=0] <- beta_cont[true.beta!=0]*(1 + k_slo)
beta_cont[true.beta==0] <- k_slo*max(abs(true.beta))
for(cont_id in contamination_indices){

  a <- runif(p, min = -1, max = 1)
  a <- a - as.numeric((1/p)*t(a) %*% rep(1, p))
  x_train[cont_id,] <- mvnfast::rmvn(1, rep(0, p), 0.1^2*diag(p)) + k_lev * a /
    as.numeric(sqrt(t(a) %*% solve(sigma.mat) %*% a))
  y_train[cont_id] <- t(x_train[cont_id,]) %*% beta_cont
}

# RMSS
rmss_fit <- RMSS(x = x_train, y = y_train,
               n_models = 3,
               h_grid = c(35), t_grid = c(6, 8, 10), u_grid = c(1:3),
               initial_estimator = "robStepSplitReg",
               tolerance = 1e-1,
               max_iter = 1e3,
               neighborhood_search = FALSE,
               neighborhood_search_tolerance = 1e-1)
rmss_coefs <- coef(rmss_fit,
                 h_ind = 1, t_ind = 2, u_ind = 1,
                 group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models)
sens_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/p.active
spec_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/sum(rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)

```

```
rmss_preds <- predict(rmss_fit, newx = x_test,
                      h_ind = 1, t_ind = 2, u_ind = 1,
                      group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models,
                      dynamic = FALSE)
rmss_mspe <- mean((y_test - rmss_preds)^2)/sigma^2
```

cv.RMSS

Cross-Validatoion for Robust Multi-Model Subset Selection

Description

cv.RMSS performs the cross-validation procedure for robust multi-model subset selection.

Usage

```
cv.RMSS(
  x,
  y,
  n_models,
  h_grid,
  t_grid,
  u_grid,
  initial_estimator = c("robStepSplitReg", "srlars")[1],
  tolerance = 0.1,
  max_iter = 1000,
  neighborhood_search = FALSE,
  neighborhood_search_tolerance = 0.1,
  cv_criterion = c("tau", "trimmed")[1],
  n_folds = 5,
  alpha = 1/4,
  gamma = 1,
  n_threads = 1
)
```

Arguments

x	Design matrix.
y	Response vector.
n_models	Number of models into which the variables are split.
h_grid	Grid for robustness parameter.
t_grid	Grid for sparsity parameter.
u_grid	Grid for diversity parameter.
initial_estimator	Method used for initial estimator. Must be one of "robStepSplitReg" (default) or "srlars".

tolerance	Tolerance level for convergence of PSBGD algorithm.
max_iter	Maximum number of iterations in PSBGD algorithm.
neighborhood_search	Neighborhood search to improve solution. Default is FALSE.
neighborhood_search_tolerance	Tolerance parameter for neighborhood search. Default is 1e-1.
cv_criterion	Criterion to use for cross-validation procedure. Must be one of "tau" (default) or "trimmed".
n_folds	Number of folds for cross-validation procedure. Default is 5.
alpha	Proportion of trimmed samples for cross-validation procedure. Default is 1/4.
gamma	Weight parameter for ensemble MSPE (gamma) and average MSPE of individual models (1 - gamma). Only used if "cv_criterion" is set to "trimmed". Default is 1.
n_threads	Number of threads used by OpenMP for multithreading over the folds. Default is 1.

Value

An object of class `cv.RMSS`

Author(s)

Anthony-Alexander Christidis, <anthony.christidis@stat.ubc.ca>

See Also

[coef.cv.RMSS](#), [predict.cv.RMSS](#)

Examples

```
# Simulation parameters
n <- 50
p <- 100
rho <- 0.8
rho.inactive <- 0.2
group.size <- 5
p.active <- 15
snr <- 2
contamination.prop <- 0.3

# Setting the seed
set.seed(0)

# Block Correlation
sigma.mat <- matrix(0, p, p)
sigma.mat[1:p.active, 1:p.active] <- rho.inactive
for(group in 0:(p.active/group.size - 1))
  sigma.mat[(group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size),
            (group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size)] <- rho
```



```

diag(sigma.mat) <- 1

# Simulation of beta vector
true.beta <- c(runif(p.active, 0, 5)*(-1)^rbinom(p.active, 1, 0.7),
               rep(0, p - p.active))

# Setting the SD of the variance
sigma <- as.numeric(sqrt(t(true.beta) %*% sigma.mat %*% true.beta)/sqrt(snr))

# Simulation of test data
m <- 2e3
x_test <- mvnfast::rmvn(m, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y_test <- x_test %*% true.beta + rnorm(m, 0, sigma)

# Simulation of uncontaminated data
x <- mvnfast::rmvn(n, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y <- x %*% true.beta + rnorm(n, 0, sigma)

# Contamination of data
contamination_indices <- 1:floor(n*contamination.prop)
k_lev <- 2
k_slo <- 100
x_train <- x
y_train <- y
beta_cont <- true.beta
beta_cont[true.beta!=0] <- beta_cont[true.beta!=0]*(1 + k_slo)
beta_cont[true.beta==0] <- k_slo*max(abs(true.beta))
for(cont_id in contamination_indices){

  a <- runif(p, min = -1, max = 1)
  a <- a - as.numeric((1/p)*t(a) %*% rep(1, p))
  x_train[cont_id,] <- mvnfast::rmvn(1, rep(0, p), 0.1^2*diag(p)) + k_lev * a /
    as.numeric(sqrt(t(a) %*% solve(sigma.mat) %*% a))
  y_train[cont_id] <- t(x_train[cont_id,]) %*% beta_cont
}

# CV RMSS
rmss_fit <- cv.RMSS(x = x_train, y = y_train,
                   n_models = 3,
                   h_grid = c(35), t_grid = c(6, 8, 10), u_grid = c(1:3),
                   initial_estimator = "robStepSplitReg",
                   tolerance = 1e-1,
                   max_iter = 1e3,
                   neighborhood_search = FALSE,
                   neighborhood_search_tolerance = 1e-1,
                   n_folds = 5,
                   alpha = 1/4,
                   gamma = 1,
                   n_threads = 1)
rmss_coefs <- coef(rmss_fit,
                  h_ind = rmss_fit$h_opt,
                  t_ind = rmss_fit$t_opt,
                  u_ind = rmss_fit$u_opt,

```

```

      group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models)
sens_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/p.active
spec_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/sum(rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)
rmss_preds <- predict(rmss_fit, newx = x_test,
                     h_ind = rmss_fit$h_opt,
                     t_ind = rmss_fit$t_opt,
                     u_ind = rmss_fit$u_opt,
                     group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models,
                     dynamic = FALSE)
rmss_mspe <- mean((y_test - rmss_preds)^2)/sigma^2

```

predict.cv.RMSS

Predictions for cv.RMSS Object

Description

predict.cv.RMSS returns the predictions for a cv.RMSS object.

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'cv.RMSS'
predict(
  object,
  newx,
  h_ind = NULL,
  t_ind = NULL,
  u_ind = NULL,
  group_index = NULL,
  dynamic = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

Arguments

object	An object of class cv.RMSS.
newx	New data for predictions.
h_ind	Index for robustness parameter.
t_ind	Index for sparsity parameter.
u_ind	Index for diversity parameter.
group_index	Groups included in the ensemble. Default setting includes all the groups.
dynamic	Argument to determine whether dynamic predictions are used based on deviating cells. Default is FALSE.
...	Additional arguments for compatibility.

Value

The predictions for the cv.RMSS object.

Author(s)

Anthony-Alexander Christidis, <anthony.christidis@stat.ubc.ca>

See Also

[cv.RMSS](#)

Examples

```
# Simulation parameters
n <- 50
p <- 100
rho <- 0.8
rho.inactive <- 0.2
group.size <- 5
p.active <- 15
snr <- 2
contamination.prop <- 0.3

# Setting the seed
set.seed(0)

# Block Correlation
sigma.mat <- matrix(0, p, p)
sigma.mat[1:p.active, 1:p.active] <- rho.inactive
for(group in 0:(p.active/group.size - 1))
  sigma.mat[(group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size),
            (group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size)] <- rho
diag(sigma.mat) <- 1

# Simulation of beta vector
true.beta <- c(runif(p.active, 0, 5)*(-1)^rbinom(p.active, 1, 0.7),
              rep(0, p - p.active))

# Setting the SD of the variance
sigma <- as.numeric(sqrt(t(true.beta) %*% sigma.mat %*% true.beta)/sqrt(snr))

# Simulation of test data
m <- 2e3
x_test <- mvnfast::rmvn(m, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y_test <- x_test %*% true.beta + rnorm(m, 0, sigma)

# Simulation of uncontaminated data
x <- mvnfast::rmvn(n, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y <- x %*% true.beta + rnorm(n, 0, sigma)

# Contamination of data
contamination_indices <- 1:floor(n*contamination.prop)
```

```

k_lev <- 2
k_slo <- 100
x_train <- x
y_train <- y
beta_cont <- true.beta
beta_cont[true.beta!=0] <- beta_cont[true.beta!=0]*(1 + k_slo)
beta_cont[true.beta==0] <- k_slo*max(abs(true.beta))
for(cont_id in contamination_indices){

  a <- runif(p, min = -1, max = 1)
  a <- a - as.numeric((1/p)*t(a) %%% rep(1, p))
  x_train[cont_id,] <- mvnfast::rmvn(1, rep(0, p), 0.1^2*diag(p)) + k_lev * a /
    as.numeric(sqrt(t(a) %%% solve(sigma.mat) %%% a))
  y_train[cont_id] <- t(x_train[cont_id,]) %%% beta_cont
}

# CV RMSS
rmss_fit <- cv.RMSS(x = x_train, y = y_train,
  n_models = 3,
  h_grid = c(35), t_grid = c(6, 8, 10), u_grid = c(1:3),
  initial_estimator = "robStepSplitReg",
  tolerance = 1e-1,
  max_iter = 1e3,
  neighborhood_search = FALSE,
  neighborhood_search_tolerance = 1e-1,
  n_folds = 5,
  alpha = 1/4,
  gamma = 1,
  n_threads = 1)
rmss_coefs <- coef(rmss_fit,
  h_ind = rmss_fit$h_opt,
  t_ind = rmss_fit$t_opt,
  u_ind = rmss_fit$u_opt,
  group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models)
sens_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/p.active
spec_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/sum(rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)
rmss_preds <- predict(rmss_fit, newx = x_test,
  h_ind = rmss_fit$h_opt,
  t_ind = rmss_fit$t_opt,
  u_ind = rmss_fit$u_opt,
  group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models,
  dynamic = FALSE)
rmss_mspe <- mean((y_test - rmss_preds)^2)/sigma^2

```

predict.RMSS

Predictions for RMSS Object

Description

predict.RMSS returns the predictions for a RMSS object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RMSS'
predict(
  object,
  newx,
  h_ind,
  t_ind,
  u_ind,
  group_index = NULL,
  dynamic = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object of class RMSS.
<code>newx</code>	New data for predictions.
<code>h_ind</code>	Index for robustness parameter.
<code>t_ind</code>	Index for sparsity parameter.
<code>u_ind</code>	Index for diversity parameter.
<code>group_index</code>	Groups included in the ensemble. Default setting includes all the groups.
<code>dynamic</code>	Argument to determine whether dynamic predictions are used based on deviating cells. Default is FALSE.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments for compatibility.

Value

The predictions for the RMSS object.

Author(s)

Anthony-Alexander Christidis, <anthony.christidis@stat.ubc.ca>

See Also

[RMSS](#)

Examples

```
# Simulation parameters
n <- 50
p <- 100
rho <- 0.8
rho.inactive <- 0.2
group.size <- 5
p.active <- 15
snr <- 2
contamination.prop <- 0.3
```

```

# Setting the seed
set.seed(0)

# Block Correlation
sigma.mat <- matrix(0, p, p)
sigma.mat[1:p.active, 1:p.active] <- rho.inactive
for(group in 0:(p.active/group.size - 1))
  sigma.mat[(group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size),
            (group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size)] <- rho
diag(sigma.mat) <- 1

# Simulation of beta vector
true.beta <- c(runif(p.active, 0, 5)*(-1)^rbinom(p.active, 1, 0.7),
              rep(0, p - p.active))

# Setting the SD of the variance
sigma <- as.numeric(sqrt(t(true.beta) %*% sigma.mat %*% true.beta)/sqrt(snr))

# Simulation of test data
m <- 2e3
x_test <- mvnfast::rmvn(m, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y_test <- x_test %*% true.beta + rnorm(m, 0, sigma)

# Simulation of uncontaminated data
x <- mvnfast::rmvn(n, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y <- x %*% true.beta + rnorm(n, 0, sigma)

# Contamination of data
contamination_indices <- 1:floor(n*contamination.prop)
k_lev <- 2
k_slo <- 100
x_train <- x
y_train <- y
beta_cont <- true.beta
beta_cont[true.beta!=0] <- beta_cont[true.beta!=0]*(1 + k_slo)
beta_cont[true.beta==0] <- k_slo*max(abs(true.beta))
for(cont_id in contamination_indices){

  a <- runif(p, min = -1, max = 1)
  a <- a - as.numeric((1/p)*t(a) %*% rep(1, p))
  x_train[cont_id,] <- mvnfast::rmvn(1, rep(0, p), 0.1^2*diag(p)) + k_lev * a /
    as.numeric(sqrt(t(a) %*% solve(sigma.mat) %*% a))
  y_train[cont_id] <- t(x_train[cont_id,]) %*% beta_cont
}

# RMSS
rmss_fit <- RMSS(x = x_train, y = y_train,
                n_models = 3,
                h_grid = c(35), t_grid = c(6, 8, 10), u_grid = c(1:3),
                initial_estimator = "robStepSplitReg",
                tolerance = 1e-1,
                max_iter = 1e3,

```

```

neighborhood_search = FALSE,
neighborhood_search_tolerance = 1e-1)
rmss_coefs <- coef(rmss_fit,
  h_ind = 1, t_ind = 2, u_ind = 1,
  group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models)
sens_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/p.active
spec_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/sum(rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)
rmss_preds <- predict(rmss_fit, newx = x_test,
  h_ind = 1, t_ind = 2, u_ind = 1,
  group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models,
  dynamic = FALSE)
rmss_mspe <- mean((y_test - rmss_preds)^2)/sigma^2

```

RMSS

Robust Multi-Model Subset Selection

Description

RMSS performs robust multi-model subset selection.

Usage

```

RMSS(
  x,
  y,
  n_models,
  h_grid,
  t_grid,
  u_grid,
  initial_estimator = c("robStepSplitReg", "srlars")[1],
  tolerance = 0.1,
  max_iter = 1000,
  neighborhood_search = FALSE,
  neighborhood_search_tolerance = 0.1
)

```

Arguments

x	Design matrix.
y	Response vector.
n_models	Number of models into which the variables are split.
h_grid	Grid for robustness parameter.
t_grid	Grid for sparsity parameter.
u_grid	Grid for diversity parameter.

initial_estimator Method used for initial estimator. Must be one of "robStepSplitReg" (default) or "srlars".

tolerance Tolerance level for convergence of PSBGD algorithm.

max_iter Maximum number of iterations in PSBGD algorithm.

neighborhood_search Neighborhood search to improve solution. Default is FALSE.

neighborhood_search_tolerance Tolerance parameter for neighborhood search. Default is 1e-1.

Value

An object of class RMSS

Author(s)

Anthony-Alexander Christidis, <anthony.christidis@stat.ubc.ca>

See Also

[coef.RMSS](#), [predict.RMSS](#)

Examples

```
# Simulation parameters
n <- 50
p <- 100
rho <- 0.8
rho.inactive <- 0.2
group.size <- 5
p.active <- 15
snr <- 2
contamination.prop <- 0.3

# Setting the seed
set.seed(0)

# Block Correlation
sigma.mat <- matrix(0, p, p)
sigma.mat[1:p.active, 1:p.active] <- rho.inactive
for(group in 0:(p.active/group.size - 1))
  sigma.mat[(group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size),
            (group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size)] <- rho
diag(sigma.mat) <- 1

# Simulation of beta vector
true.beta <- c(runif(p.active, 0, 5)*(-1)^rbinom(p.active, 1, 0.7),
              rep(0, p - p.active))

# Setting the SD of the variance
sigma <- as.numeric(sqrt(t(true.beta) %*% sigma.mat %*% true.beta)/sqrt(snr))
```



```

# Simulation of test data
m <- 2e3
x_test <- mvnfast::rmvn(m, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y_test <- x_test %*% true.beta + rnorm(m, 0, sigma)

# Simulation of uncontaminated data
x <- mvnfast::rmvn(n, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y <- x %*% true.beta + rnorm(n, 0, sigma)

# Contamination of data
contamination_indices <- 1:floor(n*contamination.prop)
k_lev <- 2
k_slo <- 100
x_train <- x
y_train <- y
beta_cont <- true.beta
beta_cont[true.beta!=0] <- beta_cont[true.beta!=0]*(1 + k_slo)
beta_cont[true.beta==0] <- k_slo*max(abs(true.beta))
for(cont_id in contamination_indices){

  a <- runif(p, min = -1, max = 1)
  a <- a - as.numeric((1/p)*t(a) %*% rep(1, p))
  x_train[cont_id,] <- mvnfast::rmvn(1, rep(0, p), 0.1^2*diag(p)) + k_lev * a /
    as.numeric(sqrt(t(a) %*% solve(sigma.mat) %*% a))
  y_train[cont_id] <- t(x_train[cont_id,]) %*% beta_cont
}

# RMSS
rmss_fit <- RMSS(x = x_train, y = y_train,
  n_models = 3,
  h_grid = c(35), t_grid = c(6, 8, 10), u_grid = c(1:3),
  initial_estimator = "robStepSplitReg",
  tolerance = 1e-1,
  max_iter = 1e3,
  neighborhood_search = FALSE,
  neighborhood_search_tolerance = 1e-1)
rmss_coefs <- coef(rmss_fit,
  h_ind = 1, t_ind = 2, u_ind = 1,
  group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models)
sens_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/p.active
spec_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/sum(rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)
rmss_preds <- predict(rmss_fit, newx = x_test,
  h_ind = 1, t_ind = 2, u_ind = 1,
  group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models,
  dynamic = FALSE)
rmss_mspe <- mean((y_test - rmss_preds)^2)/sigma^2

```

Description

`trimmed_samples` returns the coefficients for a RMSS or `cv.RMSS` object.

Usage

```
trimmed_samples(
  object,
  h_ind = NULL,
  t_ind = NULL,
  u_ind = NULL,
  group_index = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object of class RMSS
<code>h_ind</code>	Index for robustness parameter.
<code>t_ind</code>	Index for sparsity parameter.
<code>u_ind</code>	Index for diversity parameter.
<code>group_index</code>	Groups included in the ensemble. Default setting includes all the groups.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments for compatibility.

Value

The trimmed samples for the RMSS or `cv.RMSS` object.

Author(s)

Anthony-Alexander Christidis, <anthony.christidis@stat.ubc.ca>

See Also

[RMSS](#)

Examples

```
# Simulation parameters
n <- 50
p <- 100
rho <- 0.8
rho.inactive <- 0.2
group.size <- 5
p.active <- 15
snr <- 2
contamination.prop <- 0.3

# Setting the seed
set.seed(0)
```

```

# Block Correlation
sigma.mat <- matrix(0, p, p)
sigma.mat[1:p.active, 1:p.active] <- rho.inactive
for(group in 0:(p.active/group.size - 1))
  sigma.mat[(group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size),
            (group*group.size+1):(group*group.size+group.size)] <- rho
diag(sigma.mat) <- 1

# Simulation of beta vector
true.beta <- c(runif(p.active, 0, 5)*(-1)^rbinom(p.active, 1, 0.7),
              rep(0, p - p.active))

# Setting the SD of the variance
sigma <- as.numeric(sqrt(t(true.beta) %*% sigma.mat %*% true.beta)/sqrt(snr))

# Simulation of test data
m <- 2e3
x_test <- mvnfast::rmvn(m, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y_test <- x_test %*% true.beta + rnorm(m, 0, sigma)

# Simulation of uncontaminated data
x <- mvnfast::rmvn(n, mu = rep(0, p), sigma = sigma.mat)
y <- x %*% true.beta + rnorm(n, 0, sigma)

# Contamination of data
contamination_indices <- 1:floor(n*contamination.prop)
k_lev <- 2
k_slo <- 100
x_train <- x
y_train <- y
beta_cont <- true.beta
beta_cont[true.beta!=0] <- beta_cont[true.beta!=0]*(1 + k_slo)
beta_cont[true.beta==0] <- k_slo*max(abs(true.beta))
for(cont_id in contamination_indices){
  a <- runif(p, min = -1, max = 1)
  a <- a - as.numeric((1/p)*t(a) %*% rep(1, p))
  x_train[cont_id,] <- mvnfast::rmvn(1, rep(0, p), 0.1^2*diag(p)) + k_lev * a /
    as.numeric(sqrt(t(a) %*% solve(sigma.mat) %*% a))
  y_train[cont_id] <- t(x_train[cont_id,]) %*% beta_cont
}

# RMSS
rmss_fit <- RMSS(x = x_train, y = y_train,
                n_models = 3,
                h_grid = c(35), t_grid = c(6, 8, 10), u_grid = c(1:3),
                tolerance = 1e-1,
                max_iter = 1e3,
                neighborhood_search = FALSE,
                neighborhood_search_tolerance = 1e-1)
rmss_coefs <- coef(rmss_fit,
                  h_ind = 1, t_ind = 2, u_ind = 1,

```

```
      group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models)
sens_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/p.active
spec_rmss <- sum(which((rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)) <= p.active)/sum(rmss_coefs[-1]!=0)
rmss_preds <- predict(rmss_fit, newx = x_test,
                      h_ind = 1, t_ind = 2, u_ind = 1,
                      group_index = 1:rmss_fit$n_models,
                      dynamic = FALSE)
rmss_mspe <- mean((y_test - rmss_preds)^2)/sigma^2
trimmed_id <- trimmed_samples(rmss_fit, h_ind = 1, t_ind = 1, u_ind = 1)
```

Index

`coef.cv.RMSS`, [2](#), [8](#)
`coef.RMSS`, [4](#), [16](#)
`cv.RMSS`, [3](#), [7](#), [11](#)

`predict.cv.RMSS`, [8](#), [10](#)
`predict.RMSS`, [12](#), [16](#)

`RMSS`, [5](#), [13](#), [15](#), [18](#)

`trimmed_samples`, [17](#)